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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

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APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:

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1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)

2. ☒ Specification *Total Pages*

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) *Total Sheets*

4. ☒ Oath or Declaration *Total Pages*

- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
b. ☐ Unexecuted for information purposes
c. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed Statement attached deleting
inventor(s) named in the prior application, see
37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of
the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as
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6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
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- a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
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ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☐ Information Disclosure ☐ Copies of IDS
Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
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14. ☐ Small Entity ☐ Statement filed in prior application
Statement(s) Status still proper and desired
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17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. _____

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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	19-20 =	0	X \$ 18.00 =	\$ 0 00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 cfr 1.16(b))	3-3 =	0	X \$ 78.00 =	\$ 0.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$ 260.00 =	\$ 0.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$ 690.00
			Total of above Calculations =		\$ 690.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entry (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1 27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$ 690.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

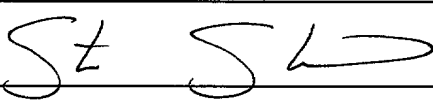
20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 690.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed

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22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED

NAME	Steven W. Stewart - Reg. No. 45,133
SIGNATURE	
DATE	July 19, 2000

SWF\SWS\cmv

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, CONTROL METHOD
THEREFOR, AND COMPUTER-READABLE MEMORY

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an information processing apparatus having an indicator, a control method therefor, and a computer-readable memory.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In many cases, a portable terminal device having a jog dial switch or shuttle switch is operated by a different method from that of a so-called desktop terminal device. The desktop terminal device mainly uses a keyboard or mouse as an input device, whereas the portable terminal device is operated by a pen input or button input. In recent years, input devices such as a shuttle switch and jog dial switch for enabling rotation operation and push operation with one device are becoming available.

The input devices such as a shuttle switch and jog dial switch are used for operations such as switching of the menu and scroll of the display window. This provides the user with high operability because rotation operation or slide operation directly and readily links with an operation on the display window.

The portable terminal device is generally used in the user's hand. Because of a small size, a terminal device whose screen is generally vertically directed can be used with a horizontally elongated screen, and vice versa. In this case, the display direction of the display window is also switched.

In this case, however, the rotational direction of the shuttle switch or jog dial does not coincide with the operating direction on the display window, which has not been considered. This will be exemplified with reference to Fig. 3.

In Fig. 3, when the portable terminal device is used with a vertically elongated screen 4000, rotation operation of a jog dial 406 is vertical rotation operation for the user. When the portable terminal device is used with a horizontally elongated screen 4100, rotation operation of the jog dial 406 is horizontal rotation operation for the user. For example, rotation operation of the jog dial 406 is assigned to vertical scroll of the vertically elongated screen 4000. In this case, even if the user horizontally rotates the jog dial 406 in use with the horizontally elongated screen 4100, the screen is vertically scrolled. The conventional user-friendly device makes the user feel the operation difficult.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been made to overcome the conventional drawbacks, and has as its object to provide an information processing apparatus capable of easily operating the apparatus, a control method therefor, and a computer-readable memory.

To achieve the above object, an information processing apparatus according to the present invention comprises the following arrangement.

That is, an information processing apparatus having an indicator comprises

designation means for designating a display direction of a display,

storage means for storing a management table for making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing apparatus for the indication state,

detection means for detecting the indication state of the indicator, and

control means for controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result of the detection means.

The management table preferably makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling scroll operation of

a display window of the display.

The management table preferably makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling focusing operation to a plurality of focusing targets in a display window of the display.

The designation means preferably includes a predetermined icon in the display.

The control means preferably comprises change means for changing contents of the management table on the basis of the indication state of the indicator.

The indicator preferably includes at least either one of a jog dial switch and a shuttle switch.

The detection means preferably detects an indication direction and an indication amount of the indicator.

To achieve the above object, a control method for an information processing apparatus according to the present invention comprises the following steps.

That is, a control method for an information processing apparatus having an indicator comprises

the designation step of designating a display direction of a display,

the storage step of storing a management table for making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing

apparatus for the indication state,

the detection step of detecting the indication state of the indicator, and

the control step of controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result in the detection step.

To achieve the above object, a computer-readable memory according to the present invention comprises the following program codes.

That is, a computer-readable memory which stores program codes for controlling an information processing apparatus having an indicator comprises program codes of

the designation step of designating a display direction of a display,

the storage step of storing a management table for making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing apparatus for the indication state,

the detection step of detecting the indication state of the indicator, and

the control step of controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result in the detection step.

Other features and advantages of the present invention will be apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters designate the same or similar parts throughout the figures thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the hardware arrangement of a portable terminal device according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 2 is a view showing memory maps in a RAM and ROM according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 3 is a view showing the schematic appearance of the portable terminal device according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing processing executed in the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a flow chart showing processing executed in the first embodiment;

Fig. 6 is a view showing the schematic appearance of a portable terminal device according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 7 is a flow chart showing processing executed in the third embodiment;

Fig. 8 is a view showing the schematic appearance of a portable terminal device according to the fourth

embodiment;

Fig. 9 is a view showing an example of the memory contents of the RAM in the first embodiment; and

Fig. 10 is a flow chart showing details of step S108 in the first embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Preferred embodiments of the present invention will be described in detail below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[First Embodiment]

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the hardware arrangement of a portable terminal device according to the first embodiment.

Reference numeral 201 denotes a CPU for controlling various building elements of the portable terminal device; 202, a jog dial switch used to operate the display window of a display 207; 203, a jog dial controller for controlling the operation of the jog dial switch; and 204, a RAM functioning as the work areas of various processes and a temporary data save area. The RAM 204 (Fig. 2) has a operation table memory area for storing a jog dial operation table for managing the operation of the jog dial switch 202 of the portable terminal device and an operation of the display window corresponding to this operation, and a VRAM data creation area for creating data for the display window.

Reference numeral 205 denotes a display memory (VRAM) for storing display data to be displayed on the display 207; and 206, a display controller for controlling display of display data stored in the VRAM 205. The display 207 is made up of an LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) and the like, and displays various data, windows, and the like. The display 207 has a rectangular shape, and allows executing an operation on a vertically elongated screen for displaying a display window with the long side directed vertically, or on a horizontally elongated screen for displaying a display window with the long side directed horizontally.

Reference numeral 208 denotes a digitizer for detecting an input from an input pen 211 and outputting a signal corresponding to the detected input; 209, a digitizer controller; and 210, a ROM storing programs and the like. The ROM 210 stores an operating system (OS) for realizing processing on the portable terminal device, and application programs for executing various processes. The ROM 210 has a display direction setting memory area for storing display direction setting representing the display direction of the portable terminal device, and a font data memory area for storing various font data. The input pen 211 enables an input for executing various operations of the portable terminal device using the digitizer 208.

The schematic appearance of the portable terminal

device will be described with reference to Fig. 3.

Fig. 3 is a view showing the schematic appearance of the portable terminal device according to the first embodiment.

As shown in Fig. 3, the portable terminal device can be operated with a vertically elongated screen 4000 and horizontally elongated screen 4100.

On the vertically elongated screen 4000, reference numeral 401 denotes a display window for displaying a window, menu, and the like; 402, a menu display window for executing a predetermined desired operation by tapping icons aligned on the window; 403, a vertical scroll bar for vertically scrolling the display window; 404, a horizontal scroll bar for horizontally scrolling the display window; 405, a display direction change icon (\angle) indicating a change in the display direction of the display window; and 406, a jog dial switch for executing various operations such as scroll of the display window.

A jog dial operation table in the first embodiment will be described with reference to Fig. 3. The jog dial operation table in the first embodiment is a table for managing control information for the operation of the display window with respect to the operation of the jog dial switch 406 on each of the vertically elongated screen 4000 and horizontally elongated screen 4100 in Fig. 3. More specifically, this table manages control information for

realizing the following operations.

<Vertically Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction A

The scroll bar 403 moves up in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled up in accordance with the rotation amount.

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction B

The scroll bar 403 moves down in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled down in accordance with the rotation amount.

<Horizontally Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction A

The scroll bar 404 moves to the right in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled to the right in accordance with the rotation amount.

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction B

The scroll bar 404 moves to the left in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled to the left in accordance with the rotation amount.

When the display direction of the portable terminal

device coincides with the vertically elongated screen 4000, control information of the jog dial operation table for the vertically elongated screen is set. When the display direction of the portable terminal device coincides with the horizontally elongated screen 4100, control information of the jog dial operation table for the horizontally elongated screen is set.

Processing executed in the first embodiment will be described with reference to Figs. 4 and 5.

Figs. 4 and 5 are flow charts showing processing executed in the first embodiment.

Whether the device is turned on is checked (step S101). If the device is not turned on (NO in step S101), the flow waits until the device is turned on. If the device is turned on (YES in step S101), the flow shifts to step S102. Display direction setting set in the ROM 210 in advance is read (step S102). A window is displayed in accordance with the read display direction setting (step S103). In the first embodiment, the vertically elongated screen 4000 in Fig. 3 is set as the display direction setting.

If window display ends in accordance with the display direction setting, and control information of the jog dial operation table for this display direction (in this case, the vertically elongated screen) is set, whether an input has been received from the user is checked (step S104). If no input has been received (No in step S104), the flow waits

until an input is received. If an input has been received (YES in step S104), the flow advances to step S105.

If YES in step S104, whether the input is a power-off request is checked (step S105). If the input is a power-off request (YES in step S105), the flow shifts to step S106 to turn off the device. If the input is not a power-off request (NO in step S105), the flow shifts to step S107.

Whether the input is a tap on the display direction change icon 405 with the input pen 211 is checked (step S107). If the input is not a tap (NO in step S107), the flow shifts to step S110 in Fig. 5. If the input is a tap (YES in step S107), the flow shifts to step S108 in Fig. 5.

The display controller 206 changes the display direction (step S108). Control information of the jog dial operation table is changed to one for the changed display direction (in this case, the horizontally elongated screen) (step S109). Then, the flow returns to step S104 to wait for an input.

If NO in step S107, whether the input is rotation operation of the jog dial switch 406 is checked (step S110). If the input is not rotation operation (NO in step S110), the flow shifts to step S111 to analyze the input. Processing corresponding to the input is executed based on the analysis result (step S112).

If the input is rotation operation (YES in step S110), the jog dial controller 203 detects the rotational

direction and rotation amount of rotation operation, and transmits the information to the CPU 201 (step S113). The CPU 201 looks up the jog dial operation table based on the received information (step S114). Then, the display window is controlled based on the looked-up jog dial operation table (step S115). After the display window is controlled, the flow returns to step S104 to wait for an input.

Detailed display direction change operation in step S108 will be explained with reference to Figs. 9 and 10.

As described above, data of the display 207 is stored in the VRAM 205. As is apparent from the display window of Fig. 3, not the entire text but only part of the text is displayed depending on the window. At this time, data of the entire text is stored in the VARM data creation area of the RAM 204, and only data of an area to be displayed is transferred to the VRAM 205 upon completion of data creation. Fig. 9 shows the relationship between the memory contents of the RAM 204 and data of an area transferred to the VRAM 205.

Fig. 9 is a view showing an example of the memory contents of the RAM in the first embodiment.

In Fig. 9, reference numeral 903 denotes a VRAM data creation area of the RAM 204; 901, an area displayed on the vertically elongated screen 4000, i.e., a data area transferred to the VRAM 205 for the vertically elongated

screen 4000; and 902, an area displayed on the horizontally elongated screen 4100, i.e., a data area transferred to the VRAM 205 for the horizontally elongated screen 4100.

Detailed display direction change operation in step S108 in this case will be explained with reference to Fig. 10.

Fig. 10 is a flow chart showing details of step S108 in the first embodiment.

Whether the display direction change icon 405 shown in Fig. 3 has been tapped is checked (step S1001). If the icon 405 has not been tapped (NO in step S1001), the flow waits until the icon 405 is tapped. If the icon 405 has been tapped (YES in step S1001), the flow advances to step S1002, and the CPU 201 instructs the display controller 206 to clear the display window. In accordance with this instruction, the display controller 206 clears data stored in the VRAM 205 except for a data portion corresponding to the menu display window (step S1002). This is because only the menu display window is irrelevant to the display direction.

Both vertical and horizontal scroll bar areas are drawn (step S1003). Since the position and size of each scroll bar are not known, not the scroll bar itself but only its area is drawn. An area to be displayed in the window is calculated from all the display data stored in the VRAM data creation area of the RAM 204 (step S1004).

Data of the calculated area is transferred to the VRAM 205. At this time, which of vertically elongated screen display and horizontally elongated screen display is designated is checked (step S1005). If vertically elongated screen display is designated, the flow shifts to step S1006 to directly transfer the data to the VRAM 205. If horizontally elongated screen display is designated, the flow shifts to step S1007 to execute data rotation calculation for rotating the data through 90°. After data rotation calculation, the data is transferred to the VRAM 205 (step S1008).

After the data is transferred, the position and ratio of the displayed area with respect to all the data stored in the VRAM data creation area of the RAM 204 are calculated, and vertical and horizontal scroll bars are drawn in accordance with the results (step S1009).

A display control method such as scroll of window contents is well known, and a detailed description thereof will be omitted.

According to the first embodiment, rotation operation of the jog dial switch 406 is vertical scroll when the display direction of the portable terminal device coincides with the vertically elongated screen 4000, and horizontal scroll when the display direction coincides with the horizontally elongated screen 4100. Thus, the user-friendly device can be enhanced.

In this embodiment, the display direction upon power-on operation is based on the display direction setting in the ROM 210, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, a writable nonvolatile memory such as a flash ROM can be employed to store a previous display direction as display direction setting in power-off operation, and the display direction of the display direction setting can be set in the next power-on operation.

The display direction is switched by tapping the display direction change icon 405 with the input pen 211, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, the display direction may be switched by another means such as a mechanical switch. The display direction is switched between two directions, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, four directions can be prepared in accordance with the specifications of the portable terminal device.

The menu display window including the display direction change icon 405 is not limited to a liquid crystal display. For example, a seal having a printed image for implementing the function of the display direction change icon 405 can be put on the surface of the digitizer 208, and the user can touch the seal to change the display direction.

[Second Embodiment]

Although rotation operation of the jog dial switch

scrolls the display window in the first embodiment, rotation operation may be associated with another operation. In the second embodiment, rotation operation of the jog dial switch is made to correspond to operation of moving the focus when a plurality of focusing targets are displayed.

A repetitive description to the first embodiment will be omitted.

Fig. 6 is a view showing the schematic appearance of a portable terminal device according to the second embodiment.

As shown in Fig. 6, a vertically elongated screen 4000 displays the push buttons of a telephone set.

On the vertically elongated screen 4000, a button "1" is focused. The focus on the button can be sequentially switched by rotating a jog dial switch 406.

A jog dial operation switch in the second embodiment will be described with reference to Fig. 6.

The jog dial operation switch in the second embodiment is a table for managing control information for the operation of the display window with respect to the operation of the jog dial switch 406 on each of the vertically elongated screen 4000 and a horizontally elongated screen 4100 in Fig. 6. More specifically, this table manages control information for realizing the following operations.

<Vertically Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction A

The focus is switched in the following order:

"1" → "#" → "9" → "6" → "3" → "0" → "8" → "5" →
"2" → "*" → "7" → "4" → "1" →

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction B

The focus is switched in the following order:

"1" → "4" → "7" → "*" → "2" → "5" → "8" → "0" →
"3" → "6" → "9" → "#" → "1" →

<Horizontally Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction A

The focus is switched in the following order:

"1" → "2" → "3" → "4" → "5" → "6" → "7" → "8" →
"9" → "*" → "0" → "#" → "1" →

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction B

The focus is switched in the following order:

"1" → "#" → "0" → "*" → "9" → "8" → "7" → "6" →
"5" → "4" → "3" → "2" → "1" →

When the display direction of the portable terminal device coincides with the vertically elongated screen 4000, control information of the jog dial operation table for the vertically elongated screen is set. When the display direction of the portable terminal device coincides with

the horizontally elongated screen 4100, control information of the jog dial operation table for the horizontally elongated screen is set.

Since the second embodiment can make the moving direction of the focus on the button coincide with the rotational direction of the jog dial switch 406, the user can attain high operability.

The first and second embodiments can be simultaneously practiced by switching them in accordance with the application when the portable terminal device includes a plurality of applications. In this case, a jog dial operation table is prepared for each application.

[Third Embodiment]

In the first and second embodiments, if the display direction is changed, the operating direction of the jog dial switch is automatically changed. Alternatively, the user may arbitrarily designate this operating direction. The operating direction is designated by, e.g., pushing the jog dial switch. Processing in this case will be explained with reference to Fig. 7.

Fig. 7 is a flow chart showing processing executed in the third embodiment.

The same step numbers as in the first embodiment denote the same steps, and a description thereof will be omitted.

If a display direction change icon 405 is determined

in step S107 to be tapped, whether a jog dial switch 406 has been pushed is checked (step S601). If the jog dial switch 406 has not been pushed (NO in step S601), the flow shifts to step S108. If the jog dial switch 406 has been pushed (YES in step S601), the flow shifts to step S602 to change the display window without changing control information of the jog dial operation table for the currently set display direction, and returns to step S104 to wait for an input.

As described above, the third embodiment can arbitrarily change the operating direction of the jog dial switch in accordance with the intended use of the user.

Since the user can decide whether an operation corresponding to the operation of the jog dial switch is changed in accordance with the display direction of the portable terminal device, the user can operate the device in a preferable environment.

In the third embodiment, the operating direction of the jog dial switch is changed based on whether the jog dial switch has been pushed. However, the present invention is not limited to this. For example, the operating direction can be changed by another method, e.g., tapping or double-tapping the display direction change icon.

[Fourth Embodiment]

In the first embodiment, the operation of the jog dial switch 406 is associated with vertical scroll on the

vertically elongated screen 4000, and horizontal scroll on the horizontally elongated screen 4100. In the second embodiment, the focus moving direction is the vertical direction on the vertically elongated screen 4000, and the horizontal direction on the horizontally elongated screen 4100. In this manner, different jog dial operation tables are adopted for the jog dial switch 406. Alternatively, a different change method can be employed.

In the first embodiment, for example, the operation of the jog dial switch 406 can be kept associated with vertical scroll on both the vertically elongated screen 4000 and horizontally elongated screen 4100, and control information set in the jog dial operation table can be exchanged in accordance with the directions A and B of the jog dial switch 406.

A jog dial operation table in the fourth embodiment will be explained with reference to Fig. 8.

Fig. 8 is a view showing the schematic appearance of a portable terminal device according to the fourth embodiment.

The jog dial operation table in the fourth embodiment is a table for managing control information for the operation of the display window with respect to the operation of a jog dial switch 406 on each of a vertically elongated screen 4000 and horizontally elongated screen 4100 in Fig. 8. More specifically, this table manages

control information for realizing the following operations.

<Vertically Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction A

A scroll bar 403 moves up in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled up in accordance with the rotation amount.

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Vertically Elongated screen 4000 in Direction B

The scroll bar 403 moves down in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled down in accordance with the rotation amount.

<Horizontally Elongated screen>

(1) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction A

The scroll bar 403 moves down in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled down in accordance with the rotation amount.

(2) Rotation of Jog Dial Switch 406 of Horizontally Elongated screen 4100 in Direction B

The scroll bar 403 moves up in accordance with the rotation amount, and display contents in the window are scrolled up in accordance with the rotation amount.

Processing executed in the fourth embodiment is the same as that shown in Figs. 4 and 5, and a description

thereof will be omitted.

According to the fourth embodiment, rotation operation of the jog dial switch 406 corresponds to vertical scroll regardless of whether the display direction of the portable terminal device coincides with the vertically elongated screen 4000 or horizontally elongated screen 4100. In general, the user holds a portable terminal device in his/her left hand and operates the jog dial switch 406 with his/her left thumb. Considering this, the display window on the vertically elongated screen 4000 is scrolled up when the user's finger moves upward, and scrolled down when the user's finger moves downward. The display window on the horizontally elongated screen 4100 is scrolled down, i.e., in a direction in which the text is read forward when the user's finger stretches in a rising direction, and scrolled up, i.e., in a direction in which the text is read backward when the user's finger bends in a retreat direction. This structure can implement an ergonomic user-friendly device.

The first to fourth embodiments have exemplified processing for the operating direction of the jog dial switch. This also applies to the shuttle switch.

The present invention may be applied to a system constituted by a plurality of devices (e.g., a host computer, interface device, reader, and printer) or an apparatus comprising a single device (e.g., a copying machine or facsimile apparatus).

The object of the present invention is realized even by supplying a storage medium storing software program codes for realizing the functions of the above-described embodiments to a system or apparatus, and causing the computer (or a CPU or MPU) of the system or apparatus to read out and execute the program codes stored in the storage medium.

In this case, the program codes read out from the storage medium realize the functions of the above-described embodiments by themselves, and the storage medium storing the program codes constitutes the present invention.

As a storage medium for supplying the program codes, a floppy disk, hard disk, optical disk, magnetooptical disk, CD-ROM, CD-R, magnetic tape, nonvolatile memory card, ROM, or the like can be used.

The functions of the above-described embodiments are realized not only when the readout program codes are executed by the computer but also when the OS (Operating System) running on the computer performs part or all of actual processing on the basis of the instructions of the program codes.

The functions of the above-described embodiments are also realized when the program codes read out from the storage medium are written in the memory of a function expansion board inserted into the computer or a function expansion unit connected to the computer, and the CPU of the function

expansion board or function expansion unit performs part or all of actual processing on the basis of the instructions of the program codes.

When the present invention is applied to the above storage medium, the storage medium stores program codes corresponding to the flow charts shown in Figs. 4, 5, and 7.

As many apparently widely different embodiments of the present invention can be made without departing from the spirit and scope thereof, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited to the specific embodiments thereof except as defined in the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An information processing apparatus having an indicator, characterized by comprising:

designation means for designating a display direction of a display;

storage means for storing a management table for making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing apparatus for the indication state;

detection means for detecting the indication state of the indicator; and

control means for controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result of said detection means.

2. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the management table makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling scroll operation of a display window of the display.

3. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the display has a rectangular shape, and can serve as a vertically elongated screen for displaying a display window with a long side of the rectangle directed vertically,

or a horizontally elongated screen for displaying the display window with the long side directed horizontally, and

the management table makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a vertical direction corresponding to the vertically elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the vertically elongated screen, and makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a horizontal direction corresponding to the horizontally elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling horizontal scroll operation of the horizontally elongated screen.

4. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the display has a rectangular shape, and can serve as a vertically elongated screen for displaying a display window with a long side of the rectangle directed vertically, or a horizontally elongated screen for displaying the display window with the long side directed horizontally, and

the management table makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a vertical direction corresponding to the vertically elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the vertically elongated screen, and makes an indication state of the indicator when the display

direction is a horizontal direction corresponding to the horizontally elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the horizontally elongated screen.

5. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the management table makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling focusing operation to a plurality of focusing targets in a display window of the display.

6. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that said designation means includes a predetermined icon in the display.

7. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that said control means comprises change means for changing contents of the management table on the basis of the indication state of the indicator.

8. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the indicator includes at least either one of a jog dial switch and a shuttle switch.

9. The apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that said detection means detects an indication direction and an indication amount of the indicator.

10. A control method for an information processing apparatus having an indicator, characterized by comprising:

a designation step of designating a display direction of a display;

a storage step of storing a management table for making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing apparatus for the indication state;

a detection step of detecting the indication state of the indicator; and

a control step of controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result in the detection step.

11. The step according to claim 10, characterized in that the management table makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling scroll operation of a display window of the display.

12. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the display has a rectangular shape, and can serve as a vertically elongated screen for displaying a display window with a long side of the rectangle directed vertically, or a horizontally elongated screen for displaying the display window with the long side directed horizontally, and

the management table makes an indication state of the

indicator when the display direction is a vertical direction corresponding to the vertically elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the vertically elongated screen, and makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a horizontal direction corresponding to the horizontally elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling horizontal scroll operation of the horizontally elongated screen.

13. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the display has a rectangular shape, and can serve as a vertically elongated screen for displaying a display window with a long side of the rectangle directed vertically, or a horizontally elongated screen for displaying the display window with the long side directed horizontally, and

the management table makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a vertical direction corresponding to the vertically elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the vertically elongated screen, and makes an indication state of the indicator when the display direction is a horizontal direction corresponding to the horizontally elongated screen, correspond to control information for controlling vertical scroll operation of the horizontally elongated screen.

14. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the management table makes the indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling focusing operation to a plurality of focusing targets in a display window of the display.

15. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the designation step includes a predetermined icon in the display.

16. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the control step comprises the change step of changing contents of the management table on the basis of the indication state of the indicator.

17. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the indicator includes at least either one of a jog dial switch and a shuttle switch.

18. The method according to claim 10, characterized in that the detection step comprises detecting an indication direction and an indication amount of the indicator.

19. A computer-readable memory which stores program codes for controlling an information processing apparatus having an indicator, characterized by comprising program codes of:

 a designation step of designating a display direction of a display;

 a storage step of storing a management table for

making an indication state of the indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling an operation of the information processing apparatus for the indication state;

a detection step of detecting the indication state of the indicator; and

a control step of controlling the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to a detection result in the detection step.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A RAM stores a management table for making the indication state of an indicator in the display direction correspond to control information for controlling the operation an information processing apparatus for the indication state. A CPU detects the indication state of the indicator, and controls the operation of the information processing apparatus on the basis of control information of the management table corresponding to the detection result.

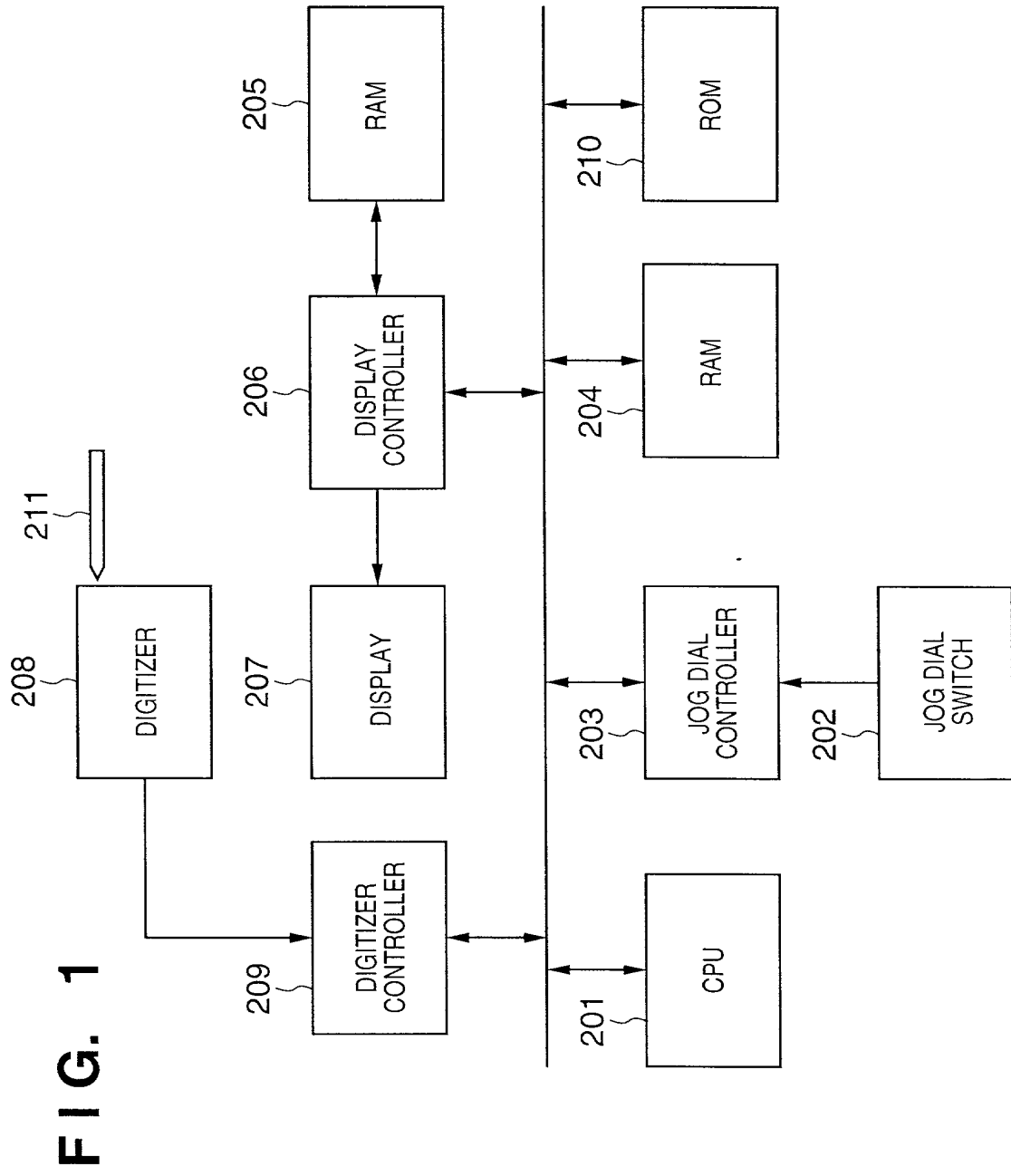
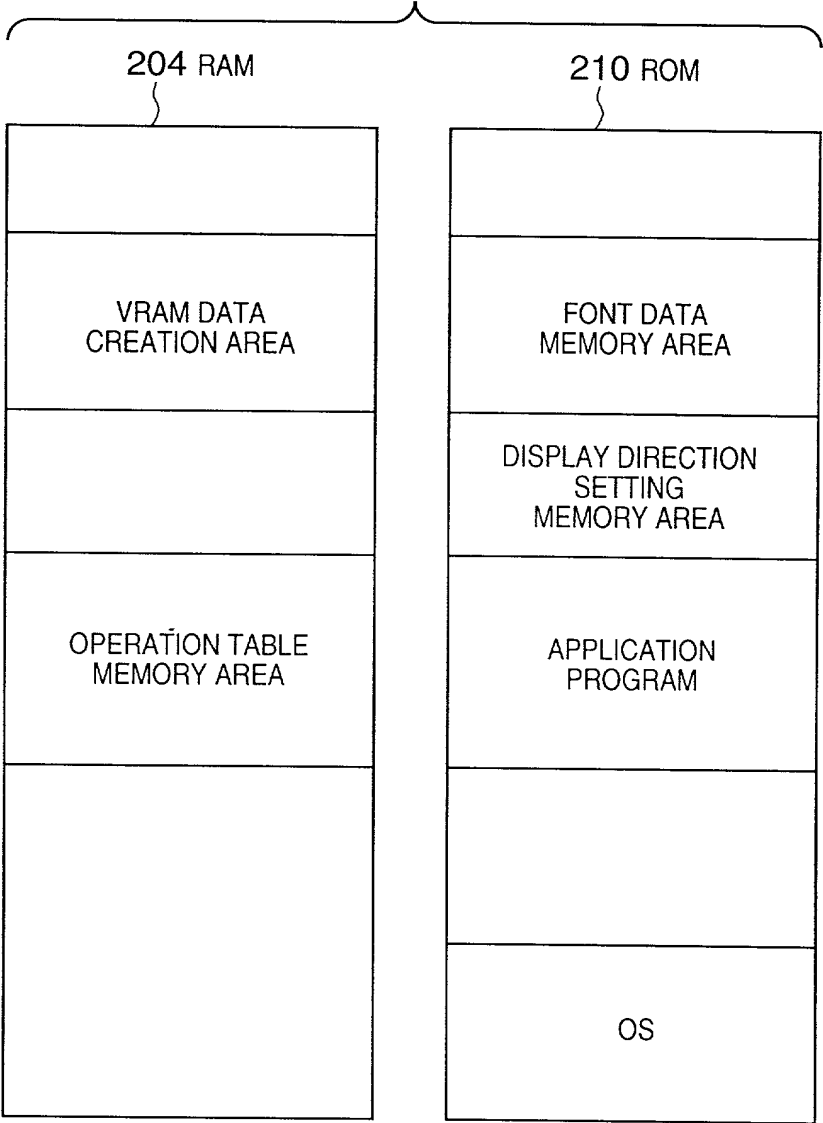


FIG. 2



006T20"0456T960

FIG 3

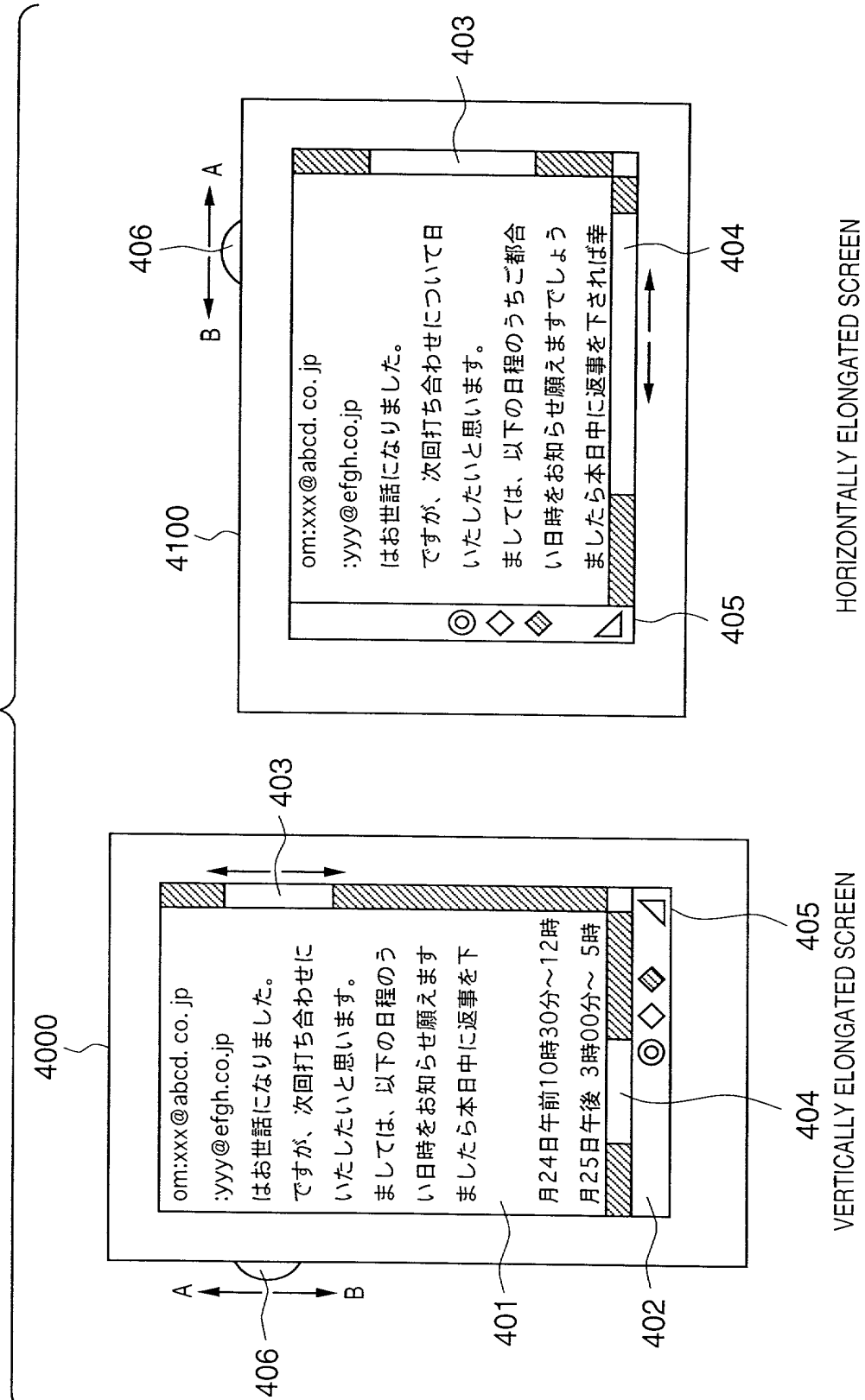


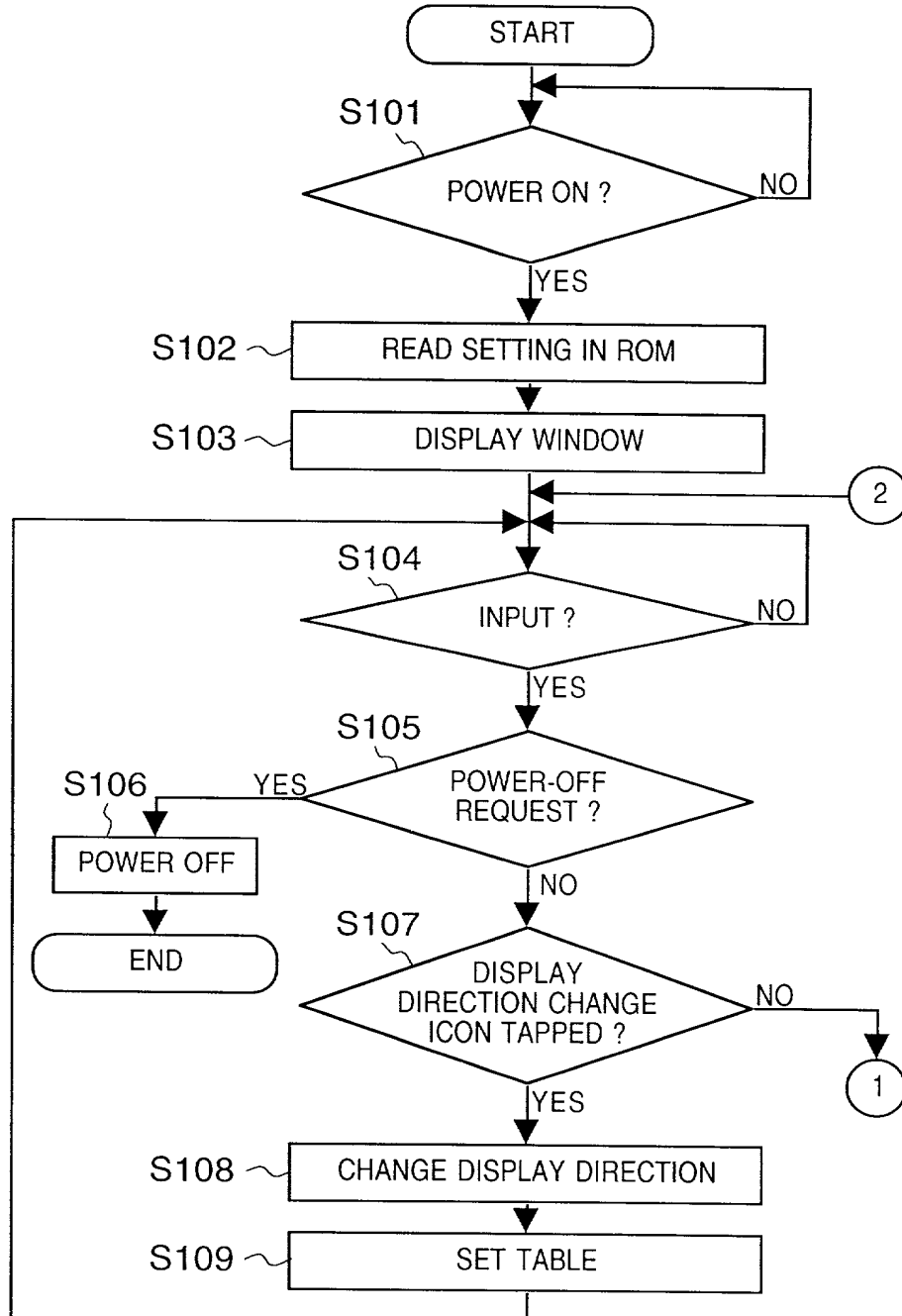
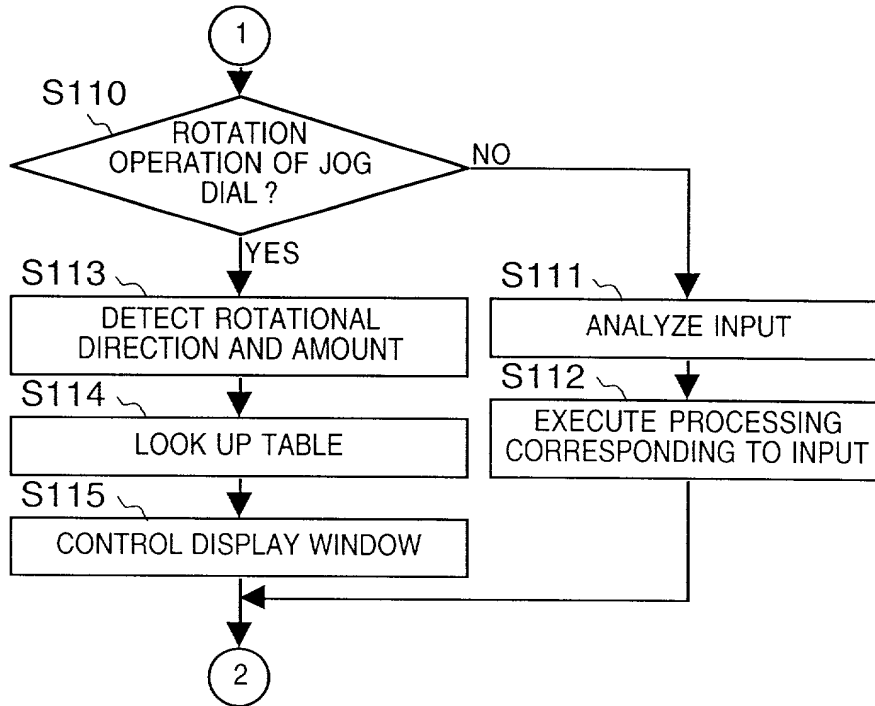
FIG. 4

FIG. 5

005F20"04S6T360

FIG. 6

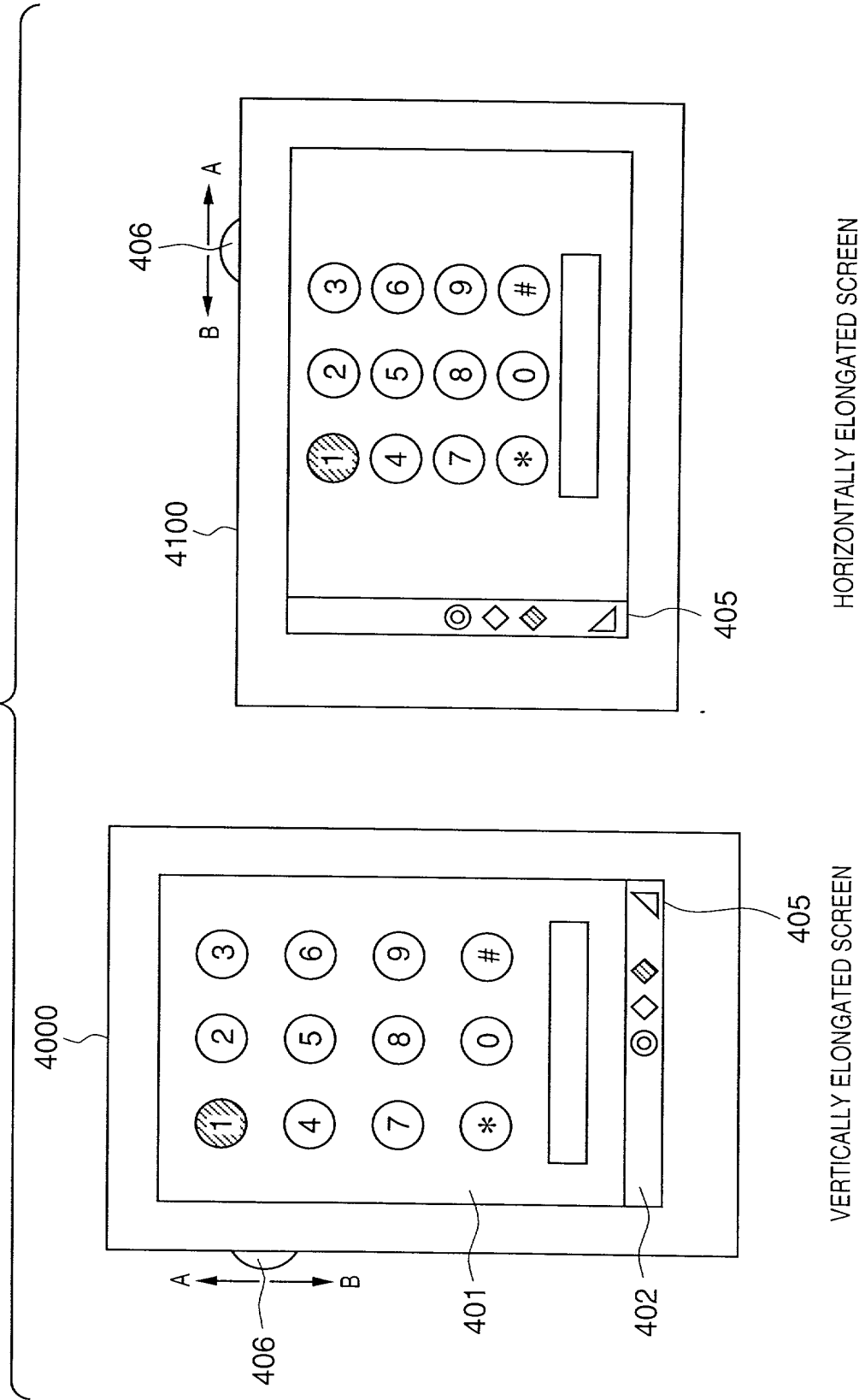


FIG. 7

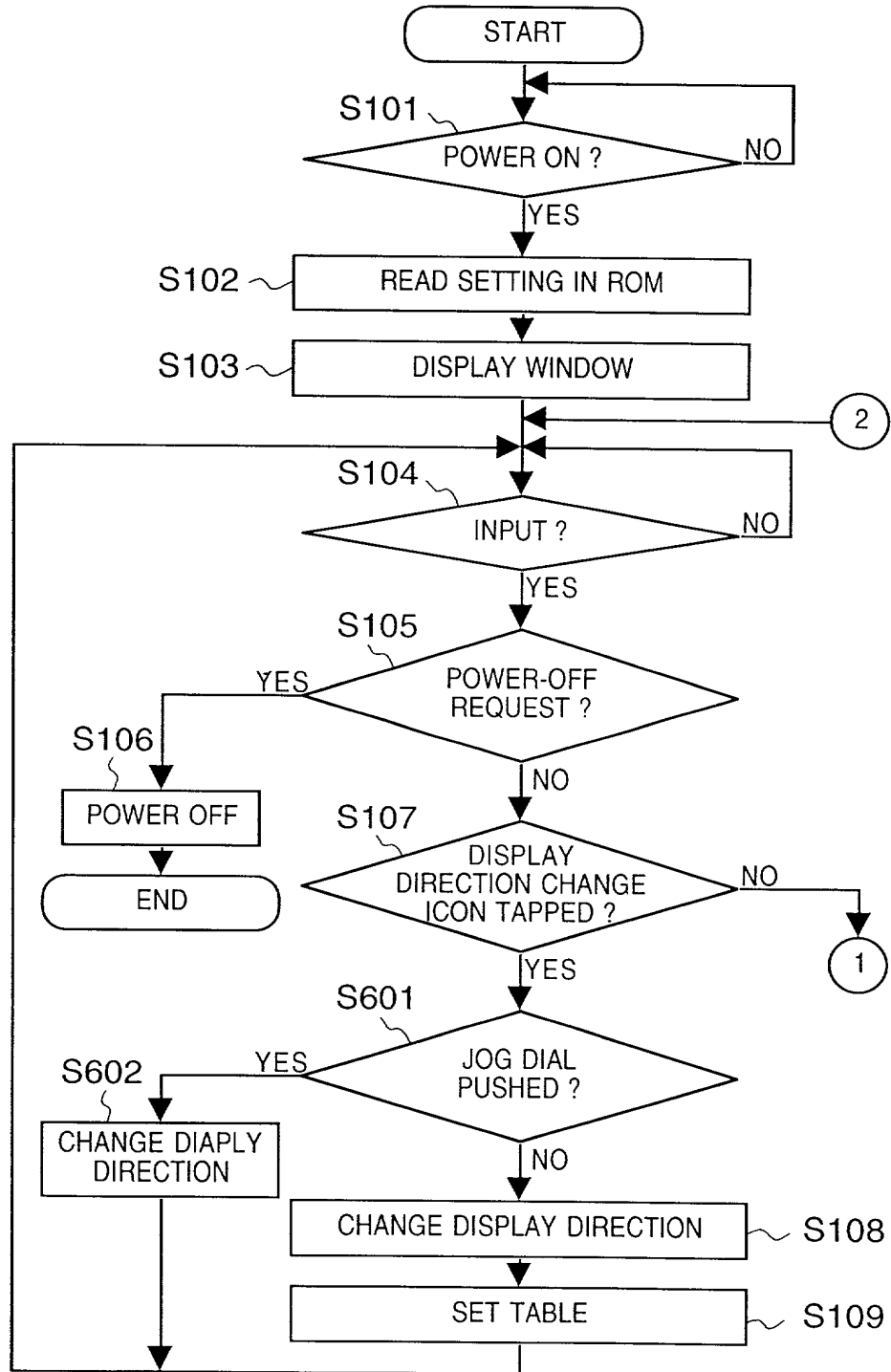


FIG. 8

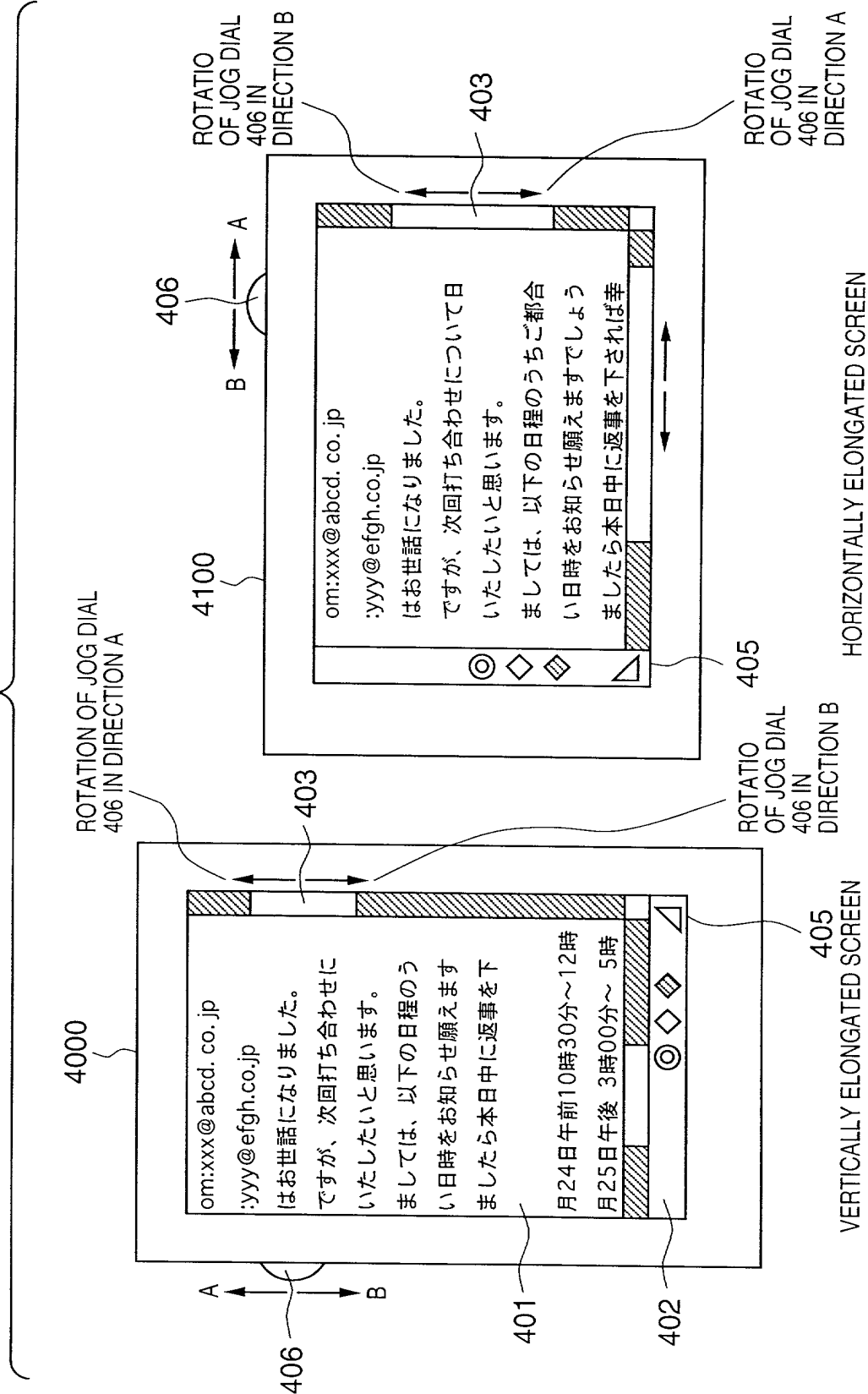


FIG. 9

903

From:xxx@abcd.co.jp

To:yyy@efgh.co.jp

902

先日ははお世話になりました。

早速ですが、次回打ち合わせについて日程を調整いたしたいと思います。

つきましては、以下の日程のうちご都合の宜しい日時をお知らせ願えますでしょうか？

出来ましたら本日中に返事を下されば幸いです。

10月24日午前10時30分～12時30分

於：弊社会議室

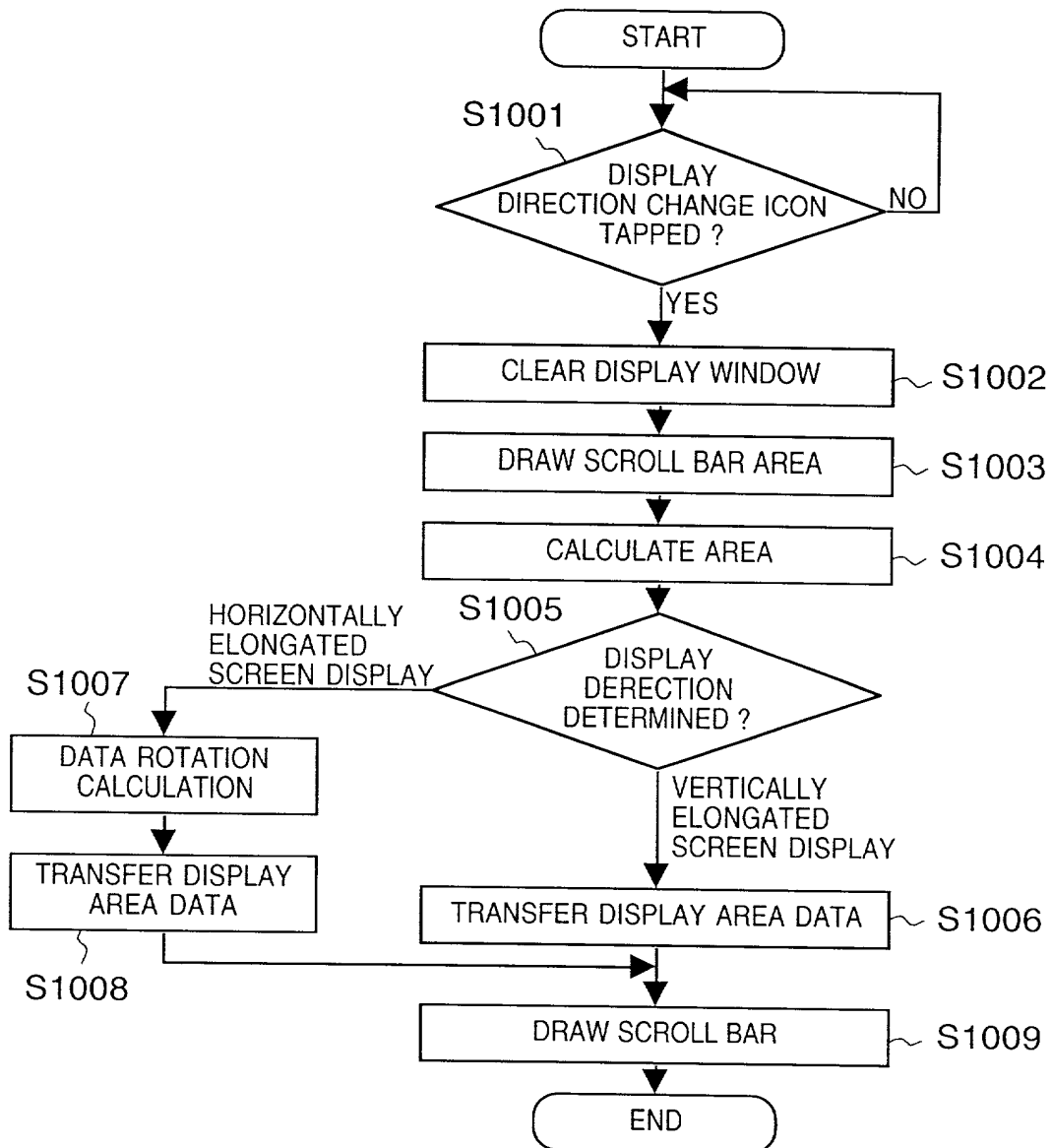
10月25日午後 3時00分～ 5時00分

於：弊社会議室

901

以上

FIG. 10



CFM 195645
P200-014845

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

(Page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, CONTROL METHOD THEREFOR,
AND COMPUTER-READABLE MEMORY

the specification of which [X] is attached hereto. [] was filed on _____ as

United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. _____

and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>	<u>(Yes/No) Priority Claimed</u>
JAPAN	11-208017	22/07/1999	Yes
JAPAN	2000-160610	30/05/2000	Yes

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the firm and customer number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the address associated with that Customer Number:

FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO
Customer Number: 05514

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Inventor's signature Katsuhiko Nagasaki

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